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HOMES FOR LIFE HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

(A Charitable Company Limited by Guarantee) Registered number SC188299 Registered Charity number 028542

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2010

HOMES FOR LIFE HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

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MEMBERS, EXECUTIVE AND ADVISERS

Directors

Kevin Blackie (Appointed 24 February 2010)

Victor Cummings

lain Finlayson

Jamila Greig

Anthony James

Gordon Leitch

James McLeish (Chair)

Thomas Mitchell

Louise Munro

David Rose (Vice Chair)

Jacqueline Sinclair

Brenda Tonner

Ian Wauchope

Executive Officers

George Russell

Business Manager and Company Secretary

Registered Office

Tolbooth Gate 57 Market Street Haddington

East Lothian

EH41 3JG

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc 32 Court Street Haddington EH41 3NP

Solicitors

HBJ Gateley Wareing (Corporate matters)

Exchange Tower 19 Canning Street

Edinburgh

EH3 8EH

TC Young (Tenancy matters)

69a George Street

Edinburgh

EH2 2JG

External Auditor

Chiene + Tait

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

61 Dublin Street

Edinburgh

EH3 6NL

Internal Auditor

Wylie & Bisset LLP 168 Bath Street Glasgow G2 4TP

Company Number

SC188299

Charity Number 028542

Registered Social Landlord Number

311

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010.

Statement of Board of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Legislation requires the Board of Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Board have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Board must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board of Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Board of Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that:

- as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all the steps he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Principal activities and review of business

The Company is a housing partnership created in July 1998 under the Scottish Government's New Housing Partnerships initiative by founding members East Lothian Council and East Lothian Housing Association Limited. Under the initiative, the Company secured revenue support funding and capital funding for development projects, in the form of grants from East Lothian Council. Membership also includes tenants and other interested parties. Following a review of the Articles of Association, approved by the members at the AGM in September 2008, founding members no longer have any special rights or obligations.

The Company is limited by guarantee and is recognised as a charity. It does not trade for profit and is prohibited from making distributions to its members.

The Company's principal activity during the year was the provision, improvement and management of housing for persons in necessitous circumstances in East Lothian. The Company does not currently have access to development funding on any proposed development programme.

The Company is registered as a Registered Social Landlord with the Scottish Housing Regulator, and is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with the Registered Social Landlords Accounting Requirements (Scotland) Order 2007, in addition to the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010 (CONTINUED)

Changes in fixed assets

During the year, the Housing Partnership's housing properties have changed as detailed in note 10.

The Board of Directors and Executive Officers

The Board of Directors and Executive Officers are listed on page 1.

Donations

The Company made no donations during the year.

Statement on internal financial control

- The Board of Directors acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Company has
 in place a system of financial controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it
 operates. These financial controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:
 - (1) the reliability of financial information used within the Company, or for publication;
 - (2) the maintenance of proper accounting records;
 - (3) the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposal.
- 2. It is the Board of Directors' responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Company's systems include ensuring that:
 - formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of financial controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Company's assets;
 - (2) experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions, and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
 - (3) forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Board of Directors and Executive Officer to monitor the key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving plans set for the year and for the medium term;
 - (4) management accounts are prepared regularly, providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
 - (5) all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board of Directors;
 - (6) the Board of Directors receives an annual report from the external auditor who review and test the system of internal financial control only to the extent necessary to express their audit opinion;
 - (7) the Board of Directors receives an Annual Report from the internal auditor as part of an agreed audit plan. This year's report looked at tenant participation, void management, ICT security and data protection, and planned and cyclical maintenance as well as a follow up from earlier reports.
 - (8) formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external reports, including for delegation of preliminary consideration of reports and action by an Audit and Risk Committee.
- 3. The Board have reviewed the Company's systems of internal financial controls and found no weaknesses resulting in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties or which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the independent auditor's report on the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010 (CONTINUED)

Auditor

Chiene + Tait, served as auditor for the year to 31 March 2010 having been reappointed at the AGM in September 2009.

By order of the board

Secretary:

Date:

30/6/2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS

AND MEMBERS OF HOMES FOR LIFE HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Homes for Life Housing Partnership Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 set out on pages 7 to 23. The financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, and to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members and the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity, its members as a body and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The trustees' (who are also the directors of the company for the purposes of company law) responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and for being satisfied that the financial statements give a true and fair view are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

We have been appointed auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and under the Companies Act 2006 and report to you in accordance with those Acts.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and Regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with those financial statements.

We also report to you if, in our opinion, the charity has not kept adequate and proper accounting records, if the charity's financial statements are not in agreement with these accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF HOMES FOR LIFE HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

(Senior Statutory Auditor)

Jeremy Chittleburgh BSc CA
For and on behalf of
CHIENE + TAIT
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
61 Dublin Street
Edinburgh, EH3 6NL

20) why 2010

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

	Notes	31 March 2010 £	31 March 2009 £
Turnover	2	1,064,634	1,023,418
Less: Operating costs	2	(657,205)	(579,948)
Operating surplus/(deficit)	2	407,429	443,470
Interest receivable and other income		18,814	47,046
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(210,391)	(219,885)
Surplus on ordinary activities	8	215,852	270,631
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	9	-	-
Retained surplus for the year	17	215,852	270,631

There is no difference between the surplus on ordinary activities for the year and the retained surplus for the year stated above and their historical equivalents.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

	Notes	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		£	£
Net surplus for the year Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in the defined benefit		215,852	270,631
pension scheme	22	(120,000)	(15,000)
Total recognised gains and losses		95,852	255,631

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2010

	Notes	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		£	£
Tangible fixed assets	4.5	40.000.004	.=
Housing properties – cost less depreciation	10	16,928,934	17,024,940
Less HAG and other grants	11	(12,592,482)	(12,586,032)
		4,336,452	4,438,908
Other fixed assets	12	88,353	94,772
Investments	13	2	2
		4,424,807	4,533,682
Current assets			
Debtors	14	58,695	74,908
Cash at bank and in hand		1,205,837	1,078,917
		1,264,532	1,153,825
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(468,783)	(479,141)
Net current assets		795,749	674,684
Total assets less current liabilities		5,220,556	5,208,366
Creditors: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	16	(3,263,521)	(3,454,183)
Pension liability	22	(107,000)	-
Net assets		1,850,035	1,754,183
Capital and reserves			
Designated reserves	17	557,782	542,644
General reserves: - General reserve	17	1,399,253	1,211,539
- Pension reserve	17	(107,000)	
		1,850,035	1,754,183

The financial statements on pages 7 to 23 were approved by the Board of Directors on 10 (2010) and were signed on its behalf by:

Chair (James McLeish)

Vice Chair (David Rose)

Secretary (George Russell)

Company Registration No Sc 188299

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form part of these financial statements

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

	Notes	31 March 2010 £	31 March 2009 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	24	503,748	610,727
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		24,197 (210,391)	30,420 (219,885)
		(186,194)	(189,465)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible assets Payments to acquire, develop and improve housing property	у	(15,205)	(1,081) (12,442)
		(15,205)	(13,523)
Cash inflow before use of liquid resources and Financing		302,349	407,739
Management of liquid resources Outflows to fixed term deposits Inflows from fixed term deposits		(400,000) 300,000	(550,000) 250,000
		(100,000)	(300,000)
Financing Capital grants received Housing loans repaid		15,233 (190,662)	(169,023)
		(175,429)	(169,023)
Increase/(decrease) in cash	25	26,920	(61,284)

1. Accounting policies

(a) Introduction and accounting basis

The principal accounting policies of the Company are set out in paragraphs (b) to (i) below.

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and Statements Of Recommended Practice (SORP) (2008), "Accounting by Registered Social Landlords" and comply with the requirements of The Registered Social Landlords Accounting Requirements (Scotland) Order 2007.

(b) Tangible fixed assets – housing properties (note 10)

Housing properties are stated at cost including:

- cost of acquiring land and buildings;
- · development expenditure on the project;
- internal administration costs relating to the acquisition and development of housing schemes.

Expenditure on schemes which are subsequently aborted is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the schemes will not be developed to completion.

Expenditure to enhance properties is capitalised, all other repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the asset cost less any recoverable value over its anticipated useful life at the following rates:

Housing properties - trickle transfer	straight line	3.33%
Housing properties - other	straight line	2%
Office premises	straight line	3.33%
Office furniture and equipment	straight line	33%

Trickle transfer properties are properties purchased individually from East Lothian Council.

Depreciation is charged for each month the asset is used. No depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

(d) Grants

Capital

New Housing Partnership Grants (NHP) were made by East Lothian Council and were utilised to reduce the amount of loans required in respect of an approved scheme.

For schemes developed with NHP the grant was paid directly to the Company as required to meet its liabilities during the development process.

Capital grants reduce the net book value of housing properties.

Revenue (excluding Revenue Support Grant)

Revenue grants are credited to income in the appropriate period to match related expenditure, except that initial funding of the Company was transferred to a restricted revenue reserve to the extent that it was unutilised at the year end.

1. Accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Designated reserves – planned maintenance reserves (note 17)

The Company maintains its housing properties in a state of repair which at least maintains their residual value in prices prevailing at either the time of acquisition or construction. Provision is made for such future major repair expenditure based on 0.8% on total costs to date on completed developments.

(f) Pension scheme (note 22)

The Company participates in a defined benefit scheme in respect of its employees. The assets of the scheme are held by the Lothian Pension Fund.

In accordance with 'FRS 17 - Retirement Benefits', the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by a qualified actuary) are recognised separately in the income and expenditure account. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise.

The differences between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

(g) Turnover

Turnover represents rental income and fees from tenants and revenue based grants receivable from The Scottish Government. The company has no shared-ownership properties and consequently all income relates to properties wholly-owned by the company.

(h) VAT

The Company is not registered for VAT purposes and all expenses are shown VAT inclusive.

(i) Apportionment of management expenses

Management and administration expenses are apportioned between housing and commercial activities based on the income generated for these activities. The costs thus allocated to housing are further apportioned based on the units held within each sub-type.

(j) Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in section 402 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements and accordingly these financial statements present information about the company as a single undertaking.

2. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus

		Turnover £	2010 Operating Costs £	Operatir Surplus £	•	ting
	Social lettings (note 3)	1,057,134	651,830	405,3	04 440	,990
	Other activities (note 4)	7,500	5,375	2,1	25 2	,480
	Total	1,064,634	657,205	407,4	29 443	,470
	Total for the year ended 31 March 2009	1,023,418	579,948	443,4	170 	
3.	Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus from social lettin activities		Supported Housing £	Other (Respite Unit) £	2010 Total £	2009 Total £
	Gross income	1,031,310	19,954	14,598	1,065,862	1,030,148
	Less voids	(9,495)	-		(9,495)	(9,085)
	Net income from rents	1,021,815	19,954	14,598	1,056,367	1,021,063
	Grants from the Scottish Ministers	767		_	7 67	(1,068)
	Total turnover from social letting activities	1,022,582	19,954	14,598	1,057,134	1,019,995
	Management and maintenance administration costs	305,215	9,187	1,021	315,423	323,465
	Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repairs	g 148,206	4,461	496	153,163	80,837
	Reactive maintenance costs	76,787	2,312	257	79,356	70,077
	Bad debts – rents	3,584	-	-	3,584	2,982
	Depreciation of social housing	97,712	1,307	1,285	100,304	101,644
	Operating costs for social letting activities	631,504	17,267	3,059	651,830	579,005
	Operating surplus for social lettings	391,078	2,687	11,539	405,304	440,990
	Operating surplus for social lettings for yea ended 31 March 2009	r 421,351	8,286	11,353	440,990	

The company has no shared ownership housing.

4.	Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus from other activities	Other income £	Other operating costs	Operating Surplus 2010 £	Operating Surplus 2009 £
	Low cost housing	100	-	100	_
	Commercial properties	7,300	5,375	1,925	2,330
	Other activities	100	-	100	150
	Total from other activities	7,500	5,375	2,125	2,480
	Total from other activities for the year				
	ended 31 March 2009	3,423	943	2,480	
				·	

5. Directors' emoluments

The directors are defined as Board members, and did not receive any remuneration during the year. Board members include tenant directors who must comply with the same regulations as non-director tenants.

2010 £	2009 £
~	2.
54,277 4,918	52,972 4,776
59,195	57,748
	£ 54,277 4,918

Other staff members reporting directly to the Board did not receive emoluments (excluding employer's pension contributions) exceeding £60,000 per annum.

6. Employee information

	2010	2009
The average monthly number of persons employed during the		
year was:		
Office staff	7	7
	=	
The average monthly number of persons employed during the year in terms of full time equivalents was:		
Office staff	5	5
	£	£
Staff costs:		~
Wages and salaries	168,122	164,426
Social security costs	13,989	14,293
Pension costs	24,772	22,161
FRS 17 pension adjustment	(11,000)	(9,000)
	195,883	191,880

7.	Interest payable and similar charges	2010 £	2009 £
	Loan interest payable	210,391	219,885
8.	Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	2010 £	2009 £
	Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charg	ing:	
	Depreciation – housing Deprecation – other assets	103,700 6,419	101,644 9,174

9. Taxation

Auditor's remuneration - in their capacity as auditor

- other fees paid to auditor

The Company is recognised by HM Revenue & Customs as a charity and no charge for taxation arises on the results for the year.

3,261

4,544

10. Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing properties gross cost less depreciation

Owned Property held for letting £
17,534,678 7,694
17,542,372
509,738 103,700
613,438
16,928,934
17,024,940

Owned Property

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

11. Tangible Fixed Assets - Grants

12.

At 1 April 2009

Less grants

Net book value At 31 March 2010

At 1 April 2009

At 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010

Cost			held for letting £
At 1 April 2009 Received in year			12,586,032 6,450
At 31 March 2010			12,592,482
Tangible fixed assets – other fixed assets	Heritable office premises	Office furniture and equipment	Total
Cost	£	£	£
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010	168,999	44,790	213,789
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2009	45,564	43,453	89,017
Charge for the year	5,627	792 ————	6,419
At 31 March 2010	51,191	44,245	95,436
Gross cost less deprecation			
At 31 March 2010	117,808	545	118,353

123,435

(30,000)

87,808

93,435

1,337

545

1,337

124,772

(30,000)

88,353

94,772

13.	Investments	Unlisted Investments £
	Cost At 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010	2

The investment represents 100% of the ordinary share capital of Homes for Life Developments Limited. The Company was dormant throughout the year. The directors consider that the value of the unlisted investments is not materially different from cost.

The aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March for Homes for Life Developments Limited was as follows:

	2010 £	2009 £
Aggregate capital and reserves	2	2

14.	Debtors	2010 £	2009 £
	Amounts falling due within one year:	_	
	Rental debtors	16,157	12,983
	Less provision for bad and doubtful debts	(2,612)	(2,120)
		13,545	10,863
	Other debtors	7,617	19,041
	Prepayments and accrued income	37,533	45,004
		58,695 ————	74,908
15.	Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year	2040	
		2010	2009
	Don't in advance	£	£
	Rent in advance	19,252	21,610
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	4,381 44,097	4,248 52,230
	Loans: Housing	401,053	401,053
	Loans. Housing		
		468,783	479,141
	Details of security in respect of loans are included in note 16.		
46	Creditore Amounts falling due ofter more than one year		
16.	Creditors – Amounts falling due after more than one year	2010	2009
		£	£
	Loans:		
	Housing	3,263,521	3,454,183

The Company has a term loan facility with the Dunfermline Building Society. The loan is repayable in equal instalments and is due to be fully repaid in April 2023. Interest is charged on the loan at a fixed rate of 5.505%. Loans are secured by a standard security over certain properties and a bond and floating charge over the assets of the company.

Amounts are due within the following periods:

	£	£
Between one and two years	401,053	401,053
Between two and five years	1,203,158	1,203,158
In five years or more	1,659,310	1,849,972
	3,263,521	3,454,183

17. Reserves

The Company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital. However, in the event of winding up, each member undertakes to contribute a sum not exceeding £1.

	31 March 2009 £	Surplus £	Other recognised gains and losses (note 22)	Net Transfers During Year £	31 March 2010 £
a. Designated Reserves					
Planned Maintenance Reserve	542,644	-	-	15,138	557,782
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
b. General Reserves					
General Reserve	1,211,539	215,852	-	(28,138)	1,399,253
Pension Reserve	-	-	(120,000)	13,000	(107,000)
	1,211,539	215,852	(120,000)	(15,138)	1,292,253
Total Reserves	1,754,183	215,852	(120,000)	-	1,850,035

18. Controlling party

The company is controlled by its board. There is no ultimate controlling party.

19. Related party transactions

Tenant directors must comply with the same regulations as non-director tenants and do not receive favourable terms or discounted rents.

20. Capital commitments

	2010 £	2009 £
Housing Developments		
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has		
not been provided for in the financial statements	256,489	-
Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the Board		
of Directors but has not yet been contracted for	19,366	-

Contracted expenditure will be financed from existing funds.

21. Planned maintenance commitments

Housing Developments Expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements:	2010 £	2009 £
Trickle transfers	270,710	-
Contracted planned maintenance commitments	270,710	-
Expenditure that has been authorised by the Board of	4,1111	
Directors but has not yet been contracted for	19,366 ————	

Contracted expenditure will be financed from existing funds.

22. Pension scheme

Defined benefit scheme - Lothian Pension Fund

The company operates a defined benefit scheme in the UK that provides pensions linked to final salaries. A valuation of the pension fund is carried out triennially. The latest formal valuation of the Fund for the purpose of setting employers' actual contributions was as at 31 March 2008, with the next formal valuation due as at 31 March 2011.

Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method, which assess the future liabilities of the fund discounted to their present value. The expected return on assets is based on the long-term future expected investment return for each asset class as at the beginning of the period.

The principal actuarial assumptions used by the actuary for the purposes of the FRS17 valuation at each year end are as follows:

	31 March 2010 % pa	31 March 2009 % pa
Pension Increase Rate	3.8%	3.1%
Salary Increase Rate	5.3%	4.6%
Expected Return on Assets	7.3%	6.6%
Discount Rate	5.5%	6.9%
Inflation Assumption	3.8%	3.1%

Life expectancy is based on the PFA92 and PMA92 'year of birth' tables. Based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

acculibratio, are average rate and experience		
	Males	Females
Current Pensioners Future Pensioners	20.8 years 22.3 years	24.1 years 25.7 years
The major categories of plan assets as a % of to	otal plan assets:	
	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
Equities	79%	79%
Bonds	8%	11%
Property	9%	10%
Cash	4%	0%

22. Pension scheme (continued)

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	31 March 2010 £'000	31 March 2009 £'000
Fair value of employer assets Present value of funded liabilities	478 (585)	327 (292)
Net (under)/overfunding in funded plans Present value of unfunded liabilities Unrecognised past service cost Amount not recognised as an asset	(107) - - -	35 - - (35)
Net Liabilities	(107)	-
Amount in the Balance Sheet Liabilities Assets	(107)	_
Net Liabilities	(107)	_

The amounts recognised in the income and expenditure account are as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2009 £'000
Current service cost Interest on obligation Expected return on employer assets Past service cost / (gain) Losses / (gains) on curtailments and settlements	12 21 (23) 2	13 21 (27) -
Total	12	7
Actual Return on Scheme Assets	119	(66)

Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2009 £'000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	327	367
Expected return on assets	23	27
Contribution by members	9	7
Contributions by the employer	25	22
Contributions in respect of unfunded benefits	-	_
Actuarial gains / (losses)	94	(96)
Assets distributed on settlements	-	-
Exchange differences	-	-
Unfunded benefits paid	-	_
Benefits paid	-	-
•		

Closing fair value of scheme assets 478 327

22. Pension scheme (continued)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2009 £'000
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	292	291
Current service cost	12	13
Interest cost	21	21
Contributions by members	9	7
Actuarial losses / (gains)	249	(40)
Past service costs / (gains)	2	-
Losses / (gains) on curtailments	-	-
Liabilities extinguished on settlements	-	-
Exchange differences	-	-
Estimated unfunded benefits paid	-	-
Estimated benefits paid	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	585	292

Analysis of amounts recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised gains & losses (STRGL):

	31 March 2010 £'000	31 March 2009 £'000
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets Changes in financial assumptions underlying the present	94	(96)
value of the scheme liabilities	(249)	40
Actuarial gains/(losses) in pension plan Pension scheme asset not recognised Recognition of previous year asset	(155) - 35	(56) 41
Actuarial gains/(losses) recognised in STRGL	(120)	(15)
Cumulative actuarial gains and losses	(124)	31

Amounts for the current and four previous periods:

	31 March 2010 £'000	31 March 2009 £'000	31 March 2008 £'000	31 March 2007 £'000	31 March 2006 £'000
Fair value of employer's assets Present value of defined benefit	478	327	367	344	284
obligation	(585)	(292)	(291)	(331)	(314)
Surplus/(deficit)	(107)	` 35 ´	`76	13	(30)
Experience gains/(losses) on assets Experience gains/(losses) on	94	(96)	(36)	2	43
liabilities	-	(1)	1	-	-

The estimated employer's contribution for the year to 31 March 2011 to its defined benefit pension plan is £27,000.

23. Accommodation in management

	At 31 March 2010 £	At 31 March 2009 £
Housing property held for letting:	299	207
 General needs housing (individual tenancies) Supported housing (shared occupancies) 	299	297 11
- Other (respite unit)	1	1
	309	309
Housing held for shared equity Commercial property held for letting	1	1
Total	310	310

Included in the above are the following number of units managed by other organisations:

	At 31 March	At 31 March	
	2010	2009	
	£	£	
General needs housing	33	33	

24. Reconciliation of surplus for the year to net cash flow from operating activities

	2010	2009
	£	£
Operating surplus	407,429	443,470
Depreciation	110,119	110,818
FRS17 adjustment to pension costs	(11,000)	(9,000)
Movement in debtors	47	88,033
Movement in creditors	(2,847)	(22,594)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	503,748	610,727

25. Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2010	2009
	£	£
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	26,920	(61,284)
Housing and non-housing loans drawn down	190,662	169,023
Management of liquid resources	100,000	300,000
Change in net debt	317,582	407,739
Net debt at 31 March 2009	(2,776,319)	(3,184,058)
Net debt at 31 March 2010	(2,458,737)	(2,776,319)

26. Analysis of changes in net debt

	Non-			
2009	Cashflows	Cashflows	2010	
£	£	£	£	
778,917	26,920	-	805,837	
300,000	100,000	-	400,000	
(401,053)	190,662	(190,662)	(401,053)	
(3,454,183)	-	190,662	(3,263,521)	
(2,776,319)	317,582	_	(2,458,737)	
	£ 778,917 300,000 (401,053) (3,454,183)	£ £ 778,917 26,920 300,000 100,000 (401,053) 190,662 (3,454,183)	2009 Cashflows Cashflows £ £ £ 778,917 26,920 - 300,000 100,000 - (401,053) 190,662 (190,662) (3,454,183) - 190,662	